

# St. Bonaventure Baseball League T-Ball Rules - 2015

## **Summary of Rules:**

- Regulation game is 6 innings, game is official after 3 innings
- ⇒ JK/SK players have 4 swings before they are called out (can still run the bases), all other players are permitted 3 swings
- ⇒ Up to 13 players can play in the field (maximum 7 infielders)
- Players cannot play same position in more than 1 inning and cannot be pitcher for more than one inning
- No lead-offs and no stealing bases

## Game Length/Weather

Regulation Games are 6 innings. A game becomes official after 3 innings. Games start at 6:30 PM sharp. Teams shall play until darkness or conditions render playing impractical at the discretion of the umpire. If an inning cannot be completed the score reverts back to the score at the end of the prior inning.

In regular season the coaches and umpire must agree on which inning is the final inning before the inning starts and both teams must get a chance at bat to complete the inning.

At the beginning of the game the coaches shall determine after what time no new inning shall begin with the default time being 8:00 PM in case no agreement is made. (Later times apply mostly for games later in the season when days are longer.)

#### In the Field:

Each team has up to 13 players and they all need to be positioned on the field. The infield has only <u>seven</u> positions: pitcher, catcher, 1<sup>st</sup> base, 2<sup>nd</sup> base, shortstop, 3<sup>rd</sup> base and rover (see diagram on last page). The rover should be positioned as an extra short stop between 1<sup>st</sup> base and 2<sup>nd</sup> base. The remainder of the team should be placed in outfield positions on the grass and cannot enter infield until after the ball is hit. Infield players can not stand on baseline or block runners. They also can not encroach upon the batter or pitching area. Umpire can ask players to move back if they are too close.

A team requires a minimum of 7 players, otherwise they forfeit the game and an exhibition game may be played.

A player is not permitted to play more than one inning in the same position. The same player may not be the pitcher for more than one inning.

All players must be in their positions before the ball is struck. All players must be set prior to the ball being hit and **remain in the same position for the entire inning**.

The pitcher must start the play <u>behind or on</u> the pitcher's rubber. The pitcher cannot move out of the pitcher's area until the ball is struck and cannot encroach towards home plate.

The pitcher is not permitted to run to 1<sup>st</sup> base for an out or tag the runner out. A toss must be made to the 1<sup>st</sup> baseman no matter how close. Underhand throws are allowed.

Runners advancing to other bases or home may be tagged or forced out by the pitcher without a throw with the exception that a force out at home plate (i.e. when the bases are loaded) can only be made by the catcher gaining control of the ball in the Dead Ball area. This means that the pitcher or other fielder cannot run the ball home and make a force out – a throw must be made in the same manner as at first base.

Players may not block the base paths or stand on the bases. If a fielder impedes a runner's progress, the runner will be granted the base he/she is going to. This is especially true at 1<sup>st</sup> base. Coaches can not place rover and short stop positions close to or adjacent the pitcher. They must remain back behind the baseline.

The 1<sup>st</sup> baseman should begin the play slightly away from the base. When the ball is hit, he/she should move to the base and put one foot on the white part of the "Safe-T Base". If the 1<sup>st</sup> baseman catches the ball on the orange side of the "Safe-T Base" or blocks the runner's path to the orange side, the runner is safe. The runner is not out for touching the white part of the base unless it interferes with the 1<sup>st</sup> baseman playing the ball.

#### **Ball in Play – When Does the Play Stop?**

There are two ways that the play may come to an end:

- Ball in the "Dead Ball Area": When the ball crosses into the area past a line which extends from the plate/tee to the backstop (the "Dead Ball Area") the play stops instantly even if the ball subsequently bounces out of the Dead Ball Area; and
- 2. Runners Stop Advancing & Time-Out Called: When a fielder has control of the ball in the infield and the runners have advanced to a base and are no longer running, a player, coach or umpire may call Time-Out and the ball may be thrown home with no further advancement allowed.

After a play, players should be taught to throw the ball home. The catcher should be taught to catch/pick-up and control the ball, but the play is dead whether they do so or not – except in the case of the seventh batter (see below).

#### Home Plate – When is a Runner Safe or Out?

Once a runner has advanced more than half way to home plate from 3<sup>rd</sup> base, they have committed and cannot turn back.

To avoid collisions at home plate, the runner must cross a line to the right of home plate that extends from the corner of home plate to the backstop screen (the "Safe Line"). The Safe Line shall be drawn so that the runner has actually passed home plate to ensure the runner travels the same distance as they would have had to in order to touch home plate under normal circumstances. A player is not out if they touch home plate unless they interfere with the catcher picking up the ball in so doing.

To record an out, the *catcher* must have control of the ball in the Dead Ball Area prior to the runner crossing the line (the "**Out Area**"). It is not required that the player have a foot on the tee.

Normal rules apply at all other bases and tags or force outs must be applied when required.

#### **Overthrow Rule**

There are no overthrows in t-ball. Players will not advance if the ball is out of bounds or if it is an overthrow. If the ball is out of bounds then the play is dead.

T-ball is a teaching level of baseball and as such coaches should encourage all players to attempt to make a play and throw the ball.

## **Batting:**

#### **ONLY SEVEN BATTERS EACH INNING**

**Seven** batters shall come to the plate in each inning for each team and the inning shall continue, regardless of how many outs are recorded, until all seven batters have had their at-bats. Players who are retired at the plate or on the bases shall return to their team's dugout and do not continue running the bases.

The batting team must announce the **seventh** batter to the fielding team and umpire.

For the seventh batter of the inning the fielding team can end the inning by either retiring the batter and all of the runners that are on base (through force outs or by being tagged out) or by placing the ball on the tee.

Any runners who are not made out and who cross the Safe Line prior to the ball being placed on the tee will record a run. The seventh batter can score only if he/she does not make an out on the bases and reaches home plate before the opposing team places the ball on the tee.

All players should be taught to keep running until the ball is placed on the tee when the seventh batter is up.

Coaches must rotate the batting order each game so that players have equal batting opportunities each game. The same players can not start each game at the top of the order.

## **Striking Out:**

First year players (JK & SK) are allowed 4 swings before they are called out. If a child has taken more than 4 swings the **umpire** can send the child to first base as if they "walked" or may physically assist the child in hitting the ball to expedite the process.

Junior and Senior Kindergarten players will have the opportunity to run the bases even if they strike out or get out at first base. If a JK or SK strikes out or makes out at first base they can remain on base to participate in the play. The idea is to allow them to run the bases as much as possible and learn the concept of advancing on the bases but the exception applies only at first base unless both coaches agree otherwise (to let a younger child continue to run).

Any runs scored by JKs or SKs who have been put out but remain on base to run will not be counted and they should be marked as "outs" by the two coaches scoring the game. It is a good idea for those keeping score to check with each other and umpire after each inning.

All other players are permitted 3 swings. Umpires may exercise discretion and grant additional strikes to a player with the consent of both coaches.

#### Fair Ball Line:

All hits must cross the "Fair Ball Line". This line is a drawn or imaginary (umpires discretion) semi circle line ten feet in front of home plate.

## **Batting:**

Batters who throw their bat are given one warning and then are called out if they throw it again. The warning is given after the first occurrence.

Batters can set their feet to place the ball in a particular spot but they cannot move their feet radically to place the ball during their swing. Players will be warned once then called out.

If a player has to leave the game (to go to the washroom) and misses his/her turn at bat, the next player in the order fills in. When the player returns he/she must wait for their next turn in the batting order.

Moving/changing the batting order is not permitted once the game has begun. Players arriving late are added to the end of the batting order and will bat when their spot is up.

## Base Running:

Base Runners must touch the Orange Safe-T base when running to first and fielders must touch only the white portion of the base to make an out. It is at the discretion of the umpire to call a base-runner out who repeatedly disregards this rule. If the player is advancing to second base (on a multiple-base hit) they may touch the white portion of first base.

There is no stealing or leadoffs (players cannot leave the base until the ball is struck).

Players must touch all the bases and should be taught to advance to the next base when the ball is actively in play. However, if the ball passes the Dead Ball Line and has landed in the catcher's area before the runner is halfway to the next base the runner must go back to the original base.

This is an umpire discretion call that should be supported in the spirit of fair play by both coaches.

## **Umpires:**

Umpires are an essential element of the T-Ball experience and they need to be part of the learning process with the coaches and children. The games should be seen as a teaching opportunity.

Umpires and the Umpire-in-Chief can ask parents to refrain from negative cheering during and after a game. Umpire-in-Chief can remove a parent from the game if they yell at the umpire, players or other parents.

Umpires can not be related to a player or adult coach playing in a game which they are umpiring. The Umpire-in-Chief can make an exception to this rule.

The umpire's decision is final. Coaches who wish to discuss a rule interpretation with an umpire must do so in the presence of the other team's head coach in a calm manner and shall not intimidate or show up the umpire in any way.

Umpires are encouraged, especially with younger players, to help the batter get set in the batters box. Coaches, as well, need to participate in this activity during the game.

Games start at 6:30 p.m. sharp and will until dark with the objective of playing at least 3 full innings.

## **Time Management:**

Coaches are required to have their teams prepared for quick inning changeovers.

In particular, coaches should have their catcher ready for the next inning <u>before</u> the seventh batter is at the plate. If the catcher is on base when the seventh batter comes up or is the seventh batter themselves then another player must catch for that inning. If the catcher is not ready on time the umpire may start the inning at his/her discretion without a catcher.

Changeovers between innings should take no more than two minutes and ideally should be conducted in one minute.

The umpire is always right and coaches should model this behaviour to the players. Coaches cannot question a rule interpretation during the course of an inning. A coach may speak to an umpire for clarification in between innings.

#### Coaches:

One adult coach and one youth volunteer may be in the outfield to supervise the younger players. If a team decides to have one coach in the outfield, the coach can not interfere with the play. The coach is not allowed to touch the ball or assist a player in picking up a ball or throwing it. Coaches are only allowed verbal instruction to players.

Otherwise, coaches are not allowed on the field during play but are encouraged to advise their players actively from the 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> base coaching boxes. Coaches can call time and advise a batter or a fielder on the playing field.

Coaches must respect the decision of the umpire as it is final. He/She can discuss calmly the play after it is over, in the presence of the other coach, however the decision can not be changed. Coaches are to treat the umpires with respect at all times.

Coaches are to assist the umpire in ensuring appropriate behaviour from parents on their team. Parents are not allowed to negative cheer, yell at players on their team or the opposing team or at the umpire.

Both coaches should keep score of the game and compare results after each inning.

Players should only be told the score at the end of the game.

The Home Team is responsible for:

- Bringing out the equipment
- Bringing out the first aid box
- Put the equipment and first aid box back in the equipment room
- Sending the score to the league convener.

#### **Parents**

St Bonaventure Baseball League will not tolerate any negative cheering or unsportsmanlike behaviour from parents. Only positive cheering is permitted.

Parents are not to yell at the umpire at any time. If they are unhappy with a call they are to speak to their coach who will then address the umpire if needed. **PARENTS MAY NOT DISCUSS UMPIRE DECISIONS WITH THE UMPIRE.** 

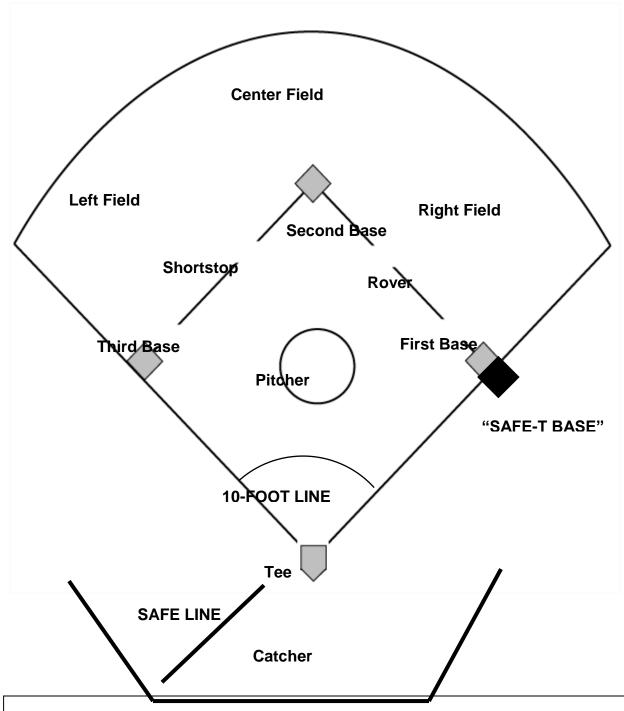
Parents are not to yell or speak rudely to any player on their team or on the opposing team.

Parents are not allowed on the field at any time during the game and must remain behind the fence and/or benches at all times. Umpires will stop the game and ask parents to exit the field.

Any parent who does not comply with these rules can be asked to leave the game immediately.

## COMMUNITY, FAIR PLAY, RESPECT, LEARNING AND FUN

## T-BALL FIELD AND POSITIONS



Base runners must touch the orange portion of First Base (SAFE-T BASE on this diagram). Players must cross "SAFE LINE "to score a run – they need not touch home plate.

A ball must cross the "10-foot" line to be a Fair Ball and be in play.

Only 7 players are allowed in the infield during play – including catcher.

All remaining players must be in the outfield.

Players cannot advance after the ball enters Home Plate area unless they are already halfway to the next base.